AUTUMN, 1863.

A RETAIL LIST

OF

NEW

BEAUTIFUL AND RARE

PLANTS.

MO. BOT. GARDEN
1911

WILLIAM BULL, F.R.H.S., F.R.B.S.,

MEMBRE DE LA SOCIÉTÉ IMPÈRIALE D'HORTICULTURE DE PARIS.
——,,——,,——,, —— ROYALE DE FLORE DE BRUXELLES.
——,,——,,——,,——,,—— D'AGRICULTURE ET DE BOTANIQUE DE GAND.
——,,——,,——,,—— D'HORTICULTURE DE BERLIN.

NURSERYMAN & NEW PLANT MERCHANT,

KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA,

LONDON, S.W.

Presented to the L. H. Bailey Hortorium
by the Missouri Botanical Garden, 1972.

SHOUT
SHARE
IT

Establishment for New & Rare Plants,

KING'S ROAD,

CHELSEA, LONDON, S.W.

While introducing the subjoined List of Novelties, WILLIAM BULL has the pleasure to announce that as he especially devotes his attention to the introduction of New and Rare Plants, and although not here enumerated, all of any merit are cultivated at his Establishment.

All well known Plants are supplied at moderate prices, to clear them off and to make room for WILLIAM BULL's new introductions, purchasers can therefore always make advantageous selections.

W. B. begs to intimate that he does not publish a General Catalogue of Plants, but only issues short Lists of Novelties from time to time.

W. B. begs to invite the Nobility and Gentry about to furnish Conservatories, to an inspection of the

Magnificent Specimen Ornamental Plants

IN HIS

WINTER GARDEN,

SOME OF WHICH ARE THE HANDSOMEST IN EUROPE.

WILLIAM BULL will be happy to make arrangements with *Botanists* or *Naturalists* going abroad for the transmission of *Plants, Seeds, &c.;* and of any first-rate *Seedling Varieties of Plants* that may be raised by *Amateurs* or *Gardeners* in this country.

NEW PLANTS FOR AUTUMN 1863.

UPWARDS OF

SEVENTY PRIZES AND AWARDS

HAVE BEEN MADE TO

WILLIAM BULL

FOR NEW AND RARE PLANTS,

at the principal London Flower Shows during the present year.

WILLIAM BULL, F.R.H.S., F.R.B.S.,

Has selected from his COLLECTION OF NOVELTIES the following Plants, many of which he offers for the first time, and recommends them with the utmost confidence, for they are the most beautiful selection he has ever had the pleasure of announcing; indeed, his collection has never been so rich in GOOD NEW PLANTS as at the present time.

ANŒCTOCHILUS ZEBRINUS.

A beautiful Indian species of this interesting group. The leaves are *ovate-lanceolate*, about two inches long, and three-fourths of an inch broad, of a deep velvety olive green, marked with three or sometimes five distinct longitudinal golden-coloured lustrous stripes representing the principal veins. It is a very neat and desirable addition to the species already in cultivation. 105s.

William Bull has the pleasure to announce that he has received a large importation of *Anœctochilus Lowi*, and can therefore offer them as imported at 6 *guineas per dozen*. Two or three new species have also been imported, but are not yet sufficiently established to offer, will therefore not be sent out until the Spring.

ARAUCARIA RULEII.

This truly noble plant was discovered and introduced from Port Mollo by Mr. W. Duncan, who thus speaks of it :—"Although the nearest approach in appearance to *A. Ruleii* is *A. imbricata*, the latter is not for one moment to be compared with the grandeur of the former, being without exception the grandest and most beautiful tree at present existing on the face of the whole earth. Only imagine," he adds, "*A. Rulei* growing to the height of about 50 feet and 30 feet in diameter, with six times the number of branches of *A. imbricata*, but of a more rigid and tabular form, forking in all directions at equidistances in the most symmetrical arrangement, feathered down to the ground, and the whole covered with the fine glistening imbricated very dark-green foliage, shining in the sun as so many polished mirrors; and the tree itself growing on the very summit of an extinct volcano, in debris as hard as adamant in summer, and deluged with rains in winter, accompanied with hurricanes of stormy cold winds, and where not a blade of grass, or other sign of vegetation exists for hundreds of feet below, and also that the whole group of trees is confined only to the limited radius of half-a-mile." *Vide Gardener's Chronicle*, Sept. 28th, 1861, page 868. This is unquestionably one of the handsomest greenhouse and conservatory plants yet introduced. Price $1\frac{1}{2}$, 3, and 5 guineas.

ASPIDIUM PINNATUM.

A handsome small Tree-fern, from Brazil, that succeeds well in a greenhouse ; with erect broad, pinnated fronds. 10s. 6d.

ASPLENIUM FERULACEUM.

One of the most beautiful amongst stove ferns. It is a native of South America, being found in Quito and New Granada, and also of Central America at Cortago, whence the plants now offered were obtained. It has a short erect caudex, from which rise up the ample finely-cut fronds, which are ovate-deltoid acuminate in outline, a foot and a half long, very much divided into small segments, and elevated on stout stipules upwards of a foot in length. Though forming so large a plant, the parts of the fronds are of the finest possible character, which has suggested the name "fennel."

The fronds are four or five times pinnate the pinnæ and pinnules somewhat deflexed, and the short narrow ultimate segments just large enough to bear a single *sorus* in the fertile fronds.

The texture is herbaceous, the colour a lively green, and the surface quite smooth.

It is one of the most charming hothouse ferns which has lately been added to our garden collections. 21Os.

BOHMERIA BIFIDA.

A dwarf free-growing suffruticose plant furnished with opposite leaves of curious character. They are rather large, rugosely veined, distinctly toothed, divided at the apex in a bifid manner, so that there are two points, both of which are acute. The interest of the plant, which is closely related to the nettle family, resides in the singular form and appearance of these bifid leaves. 21s.

BRACHYCHITON POPULEFOLIA.

This is the remarkable bottle tree of Australia. 21s.

CALONYCTION SANGUINEA.

An ornamental hothouse climber, introduced from Bombay, and remarkable for its bold and effective cordate acuminate leaves, which measure ten inches or more in length, and eight or ten inches in breadth, reddish tinted while young on the under surface; the upper surface of an olive green with prominent veins which, with the midrib, are tinted with dark red. It produces in the axils of the leaves cymose clusters of hypocrateriform flowers, the tubes of which are cylindrical, nearly two inches long, constricted at the base when enclosed by the calyx, and the limb spreading, measuring about three inches across. The flowers are of a delicate rosy flesh colour, with a deep magenta crimson eye. 42s.

CENTAUREA ARGENTEA VERA.

This pretty ornamental plant has finely divided white cottony leaves, and, either for greenhouse decoration, grouping in the flower garden, or for contrasting in ribbon borders, its silvery foliage renders it of the most attractive character.

It received a Prize last June, when exhibited before the Royal Horticultural Society. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CORYSANTHES LIMBATA.

The following extract is from the Botanical Magazine where it is figured and fully described by Sir William Jackson Hooker; *vide* Tab. 5357.

"This perfect gem and most interesting novelty was introduced from Java, and flowered by Mr. William Bull, in his nursery, King's Road, Chelsea, last October, and is decidedly the most exquisite little plant of its size that ever came under our notice; it is, indeed, impossible in a lithograph to do justice to the transparence of its stem, the vivid green and white of its delicate undulated and variegated leaf, or the sparkling beauty of its amethystine flowers. As a botanical curiosity, it derives a double interest from being the first authenticated instance of the genus flowering in this country." 63s.

DAMMARA HYPOLEUCA (*Moore*).

This plant to which this provisional name has been applied, was found at Port Molle, New Caledonia, and appears to be distinct from the other known species of the genus. In the young state, in which only it is known to us, the habit is somewhat compact, the leaves are oblong lanceolate obtuse, shewing bright green above, and glaucous beneath, varying from one to two inches in length, and from $\frac{3}{8}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch in breath. The shining upper and glaucous under surface of the leaves are very well marked features. 31s. 6d.

DAMMARA MOOREI.

An ornamental greenhouse or conservatory plant from New South Wales, with light green lanceolate foliage. 10s. 6d.

KENNEDYA FREDWOODII.

A pretty free-flowering variety sent me from Australia; useful as a small growing conservatory or greenhouse climber; flowers bright red, with white centre. 7s. 6d.

MEYENIA VOGELIANA.

A beautiful stove shrub introduced from Fernando Po. It is a smooth shrub, with erect-branches, oblong-ovate acuminate serrated leaves, and copious large funnel-shaped flowers widened in the throat, which is orange coloured, the limb being broad, and of a rich violet purple. 21s.

PTERIS PELLUCIDA.

A pinnate fern, with long broadish ribbon-like pinnæ conspicuously wavy at the edge, the young fronds having a rich reddish-brown tint. 42s.

It was exhibited at a Meeting of the Royal Horticultural Society, September 9th, 1863, when it was awarded a First-Class Certificate. 42s.

SARCOGLOTTIS ESSERI.

A dwarf terrestial orchid with the habit of Anœctochilus, introduced from Cortago in Central America. The leaves are some four inches long, and two inches broad, ovate oblong acuminate, with a satiny surface, dark green, mottled with large irregular blotches of pale or yellowish green, so as to produce a well-marked variegation. It associates with the Anœctochili, and will form an interesting addition to that group. 31s. 6d.

NEW MIMULUS.

Quite superseding the "maculosus," "pardina," and "tigridioides" strains, which are all very similar in general character.

The *Gardener's Chroniele*, of April 25th, 1863, remarks,—"We have received from Mr. BULL, of Chelsea, a hoxful of Mimulus Flowers, the produce of a new cross, the recently introduced *Mimulus cupreus*, being one parent, and a fine large-flowered spotted sort, called *Gaiety*, the other. The plants resulting from this intermixture are said to be of the same dwarf habit as *cupreus* itself, while the flowers are full sized (about 2 inches across), and very richly marked; some of the blossoms now before us are exceedingly beautiful, reminding one, in their curious spottings, of the Tydæas, or of some of the haudsomely marked Herbaceous Calceolarias, which were seen in the days when Calceolarias were popular. Altogether this may be set down as a remarkably successful cross, and Mr. BULL may be congratulated on having procured for our gardens, some very gay and sparkling novelties amongst monkey flowers."

The varieties above alluded to were very striking, and although there was a difference in the varieties they were all much of the same type or character; with those hybrids, however, W. B. has effected another cross, and the result is a beautiful lot of seedlings, with colours more distinct, striking, and diversified than in the previous strain. From this new cross the following six have been selected, which are such as cannot fail to give general satisfaction.

Bijou.—Yellow with one large crimson blotch on each of the five lobes, throat spotted. 3s. 6d.

Cherub.—Straw colour, the lobes largely blotched with chestnut, yellow throat, minutely spotted. 3s. 6d.

Leopard.—Soft lemon, one large blotch on each of the lobes, spotted throat, very fine. 3s. 6d.

Minstrel.—A beautifully formed even flower, orange, four of the lobes banded with bronze crimson, lower lobe blotched with brilliant coppery red, spotted throat. 3s. 6d.

Sunshine.—Bright yellow, all the lobes heavily blotched with dark crimson, spotted throat. 3s. 6d.

Unique.—Golden yellow, throat and under lip spotted with crimson. 3s. 6d.

Mimulus maculosus hybrids, and other varieties, 18s. per dozen.

W. B. unhesitatingly affirms that the following NEW PELARGONIUMS and GERANIUMS are the most beautiful ever offered by any grower at any one time. They are a selection in each class carefully made from many thousands of Seedlings.

NEW
ENGLISH SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS.

The Collection of Twelve for Nine Guineas.

Adah.—Rich maroon upper petals margined with violet; under petals violet rose spotted with crimson, light centre. 21s.

Charm.—Rich crimson upper petals heavily blotched with maroon, under petals dark crimson, violet centre. 21s.

Coronet.—Upper petals dark crimson edged with rose; under petals rose edged with violet and spotted with crimson. 21s.

Decima.—Upper petals maroon shaded with crimson and edged with rose; under petals pale rose spotted with crimson. 21s.

Dunbar.—Violet rose upper petals spotted with maroon; under petals spotted with crimson; good shape. 21s.

Eulalie.—Maroon upper petals edged with violet rose; under petals violet rose spotted with dark crimson. 21s.

Invincible.—Upper petals crimson margined with white; under petals white, cleanly spotted with crimson; fine flower. 21s.

Lorenzo.—Dark crimson upper petals edged with rose; soft rose under petals spotted with bright carmine; a smooth good shaped flower. 21s.

Patent.—Upper petals rich maroon shaded with bright crimson and edged with rosy lilac; under petals rosy lilac largely blotched with maroon, richly shaded with crimson, and margined with rosy lilac. 21s.

Scipio.—Maroon upper petals edged with violet; under petals crimson spotted with maroon; light centre. 21s.

Wilfred.—Upper petals rich maroon margined with fiery crimson; under petals rich crimson spotted with maroon, good shape. 21s.

Zarah.—Maroon upper petals margined with bright crimson edged with rose; under petals bright rose heavily blotched with crimson, large flower. 21s.

For cheaper varieties, *see* pages 13 and 14.

NEW
FRENCH SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS.

The Collection of Twelve for Nine Guineas.

Admiral.—Salmon upper petals cleanly spotted with maroon; under petals spotted with crimson and shaded with violet; light centre. 21s.

Cornelia.—Upper petals bright carmine blotched with dark crimson margined with violet rose; under petals rose heavily spotted with crimson. 21s.

Daphne.—Black upper petals edged with bright rose; under petals maroon margined with violet crimson; fine flower. 21s.

Elfreda.—Upper petals violet rose edged with white and blotched with crimson; under petals violet rose edged with white, very large pure white centres, attractive. 21s.

Ettie.—Bright red, all the petals heavily blotched with maroon. 21s.

Floretta.—Black upper petals edged with rose; under petals fiery red spotted with crimson, light centre. 21s.

Petruchio.—Fiery red upper petals blotched with dark crimson and edged with violet; under petals fiery red, violet centre. 21s.

Princeps.—Fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon, under petals spotted with crimson, white centre shaded with violet. 21s.

Remus.—Rich maroon upper petals edged with rose; under petals violet rose, heavily blotched with dark crimson. 21s.

Rosette.—Upper petals maroon margined with fiery crimson; under petals bright crimson spotted with maroon, light centre. 21s.

Oracle.—Fiery scarlet, all the petals spotted with maroon. 21s.

Santa.—White shaded with violet upper petals spotted with black; under petals cleanly spotted with violet crimson. 21s.

For cheaper varieties, *see* pages 13 & 14.

NEW SHOW PELARGONIUMS.

The Collection of Twelve, Nine Guineas.

Angelina.—Rich maroon upper petals margined with crimson; under petals bright rose shaded with crimson, pure white centre. 21s.

Attila.—Rich maroon upper petals edged with purple crimson; under petals deep rose, shaded with crimson, light centre. 21s.

Concordia.—Maroon upper petals margined with scarlet; under petals bright rose, pure white centre. 21s.

NEW SHOW PELARGONIUMS Continued.

Dante.—Upper petals bright crimson blotched with maroon and margined with French white; under petals blush. 21s.

Evelina.—Pure white; upper petals cleanly blotched with crimson, 21s.

Florentine.—Maroon upper petals margined with violet; rosy purple under petals shaded with crimson, pure white centre. 21s.

Minnie.—Maroon upper petals edged with violet rose; under petals rose shaded with crimson; pure white centre. 21s.

Nora.—Black upper petals edged with dark crimson; deep rose under petals shaded with crimson and violet, pure white centre. 21s.

Palatial.—Crimson upper petals shaded with bright rose at the margin; under petals bright salmon, light centre, good shape. 21s.

Tisona.—Upper petals maroon shaded with bright crimson, and edged with violet rose; under petals violet rose, pure white centre. 21s.

Titian.—Upper petals bright carmine margined with pure white; under petals pure white marked with violet rose. 21s.

Umpire.—Upper petals maroon shaded with violet crimson and margined with pure white; under petals pure white banded with violet crimson. 21s.

For cheaper varieties, *see* page 16.

NEW ZONALE (BEDDING) GERANIUMS.

Brilliancy.—Upper petals violet rose margined with vermilion; under petals intensely bright vermilion, very large truss, novel. 7s. 6d.

Celestial.—Blush, with deep rose centre, large flower. 7s. 6d.

Charmer.—Deep pink with white marking on the top petals, good shape, and fine truss. 7s. 6d.

Effie.—Rose suffused with pink. 7s. 6d.

Eve.—Soft pink, half of the upper petals white, very large flowers, and fine truss. 7s. 6d.

Fanty.—Flesh shaded with salmon, horseshoe marked foliage. 7s. 6d.

Faust.—Rich vivid crimson, immense truss and flower. 7s. 6d.

Marquis.—Bright rosy scarlet, very large flower. 7s. 6d.

Marvel.—Vivid scarlet, horse-shoe foliage, white eye. 7s. 6d.

Primer—Pink, with white marking on the top petals. 7s. 6d.

Provost.—Deep rose shaded with scarlet, large flower and immense truss. 7s. 6d.

Striking.—Salmon shaded with scarlet and margined with rose, light eye, good shape. 7s. 6d.

For cheaper varieties, see pages 16 and 17.

NEW PETUNIAS.

The following kinds will be found to maintain the reputation of the varieties previously introduced by W. B.:—

Bolina.—Bright red veined with purplish crimson and margined with dark rose, black throat. 3s. 6d.

Decision.—Pure white blotched with violet rose and veined with purplish crimson. 3s. 6d.

Geraldine.—Crimson broadly margined with rose veined with black and shaded with violet. 3s. 6d.

Lustre.—Double, dark crimson slightly margined with white. 3s. 6d.

Magnetic.—Double, pure white, the centre of the flower filled with small blue petals. 3s. 6d.

Narrator.—Pink rayed and reticulated with purplish crimson, black throat. 3s. 6d.

Ornamental.—Double, bright crimson blotched with pure white. 3s. 6d.

Promoter.—Rich bright crimson purple throat. 3s. 6d.

Resistless.—Bright red splashed and striped with white and blotched with rose. 3s. 6d.

Welcome.—Pure white striped and blotched with bright crimson, purple throat. 3s. 6d.

Other good varieties, 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

NEW FUCHSIAS.

Noblesse.—Dark crimson tube and sepals, the latter completely reflexed, very wax like, and thick black corolla. 10s. 6d.

Ophelia.—Bright red sepals, which are unusually large and long; well formed purple corolla. 10s. 6d.

Percy.—Dark, thick, crimson tube and sepals, the latter reflexed; large and full double purple corolla. 10s. 6d.

Pristine.—Bright carmine tube and sepals, the latter wide and well reflexed, evenly formed lake corolla. 10s. 6d.

Reliance.—Light red tube and sepals, the latter reflexed; light blue double corolla, free and distinct. 10s. 6d.

Stanley.—Finely reflexed broad sepals, which, with the tube, are a bright rose colour; dark blue double corolla. 10s. 6d.

Other good varieties, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. each.

NEW AZALEAS (INDICA).

—o—

QUEEN OF BEAUTIES.

Mr. William Bull begs to announce that he has purchased from M. Ambroise Verschaffelt the sole right of supplying this exquisite variety in the United Kingdom.

Description:—Salmon pink margined with white and flaked with carmine, densely and very richly spotted with crimson, flowers large, of good shape and substance; one of the best Azaleas ever offered. Price 21s.

SOUVENIR DU PRINCE ALBERT.

A most distinct and beautiful double flowered variety, colour a warm peach-rose margined with pure white; a great novelty. 21s.

WAXWORK.

Unusually thick wax-like petals, flowers immensely large and finely formed, pure white striped and flaked with purple; a most desirable variety, there being only one or two kinds of white striped with purple (and these not to be compared to the one now offered), while there are several whites striped with red. Price 21s.

WILLIAM BULL.

This variety was raised in Belgium, and named by M. Ambroise Verschaffelt, from whom the stock for circulation in the United Kingdom was purchased. The flowers individually are of unusual size and substance, double and well formed; colour crimson and violet. Price 15s.

For cheaper varieties, *see* page 12.

NEW AND RARE PLANTS.

—o—

ADIANTUM FÉEI.

New species from Guatemala. This remarkably handsome fern differs very materially from any other of its family, being of semi-scandent habit and Gleichenia-like growth. 63s.

ALOCASIA ZEBRINA.

A remarkable and fine foliaged plant introduced from the Philippine Islands. Its leaf-stalks, which are upwards of 2 feet in length, present a most striking appearance; they are of a pale yellow colour marbled in the most distinct manner with dark green. The leaves are large, of a velvety green colour, and having the sagittate form peculiar to this family. 42s.

Alocasia albo-violacea, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.*, and 21*s.*
— ,, — (Caladium) **Lowi**, 15*s.*, 21*s.*, *and* 42*s.*
— ,, — **macrorhiza variegata**, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* *and* 21*s.*
— ,, — **metallica**, 15*s.*, 21*s.*, *and* 42*s.*
— ,, — (Schistocasia) **Portei**, 42*s.* *and* 63*s.*
— ,, — (Caladium) **Veitchi**, 31*s.* 6*d.* *and* 42*s.*

ANTHURIUM LEUCONEURUM.

A handsome variegated species from South America, with thick waxy cordate leaves, of a rich dark olive-green colour, distinctly veined and spotted with grey. 31s. 6d.

ARISTOLOCHIA ORNITHOCEPHALA.

A stove climber of very remarkable character, the blossoms are very large, and of the most singular structure imaginable, to render any description of it at all familiar, it may be said to have the head of a hawk and the beak of a heron, with the wattles of the Spanish fowl, which however, are grey netted with brown; the head the same colour veined, whilst the beak is grey. 10s. 6d.

ATHYRIUM FILIX-FŒMINA CORONATUM.

A pretty, hardy fern, with fronds narrow at the base, the apex forming a very large flattish crest spreading at right angles to the plane of the frond. 7s. 6d.

ATHYRIUM FILIX-FŒMINA GRANDICEPS.

Another hardy fern, with narrowish lance-shaped fronds, the top of each frond many times short-branched, with the ultimate branchlets crispy; the whole forming dense and massive cresting. 7s. 6d.

BEGONIA DISCOLOR MARMOREA.
— ,, — ROBERT EMMET.

Two variegated kinds, but totally differing from the general character of the variegated sorts; for instead of being stemless, these are arborescent, and consequently make remarkably handsome decorative stove shrubs. 7s. 6d. each.

CIONIDIUM MOOREII.

This interesting Greenhouse Fern is an Australasian species discovered by Mr. Charles Moore, after whom it is named, and particularly interesting as a netted veined representative of Depairia; a fern in which the fructification forms little cups set out on short foot-stalks from the margin. The fronds of this Cionidium, which were rather broad-surfaced and divided something after the manner of *Aspidium trifoliatum*, appeared fringed by the multitude of these projecting sori. 15s

CLEMATIS BRASILIENSIS.

This new Clematis has been introduced by the Royal Horticultural Society. Their collector, Mr. Weir, thus writes:—"The Clematis is perhaps the most conspicuous object in the forest at present, after the Bougainvillæa, being completely covered with immense bunches of its long-awned seeds. It has the appearance of being clothed in—

"'A silken gown o' siller grey.'"

Vide Royal Horticultural Society's Transactions. 10s. 6d.

DICHORISANDRA ARGENTEO-MARGINATA.

This is an extremely pretty variegated stove plant; with accuminate oblong leaves, which have a central stripe of bright green, and one broadly margined with white. 15s.

DRACÆNA FERREA VARIEGATA.

This resembles *D. ferrea* in its habit, but the rich colouring of the foliage, which is variegated with bright rosy crimson, renders it one of the most beautiful decorative plants extant. 31s. 6d.

ERANTHEMUM RUBROVENIUM.

This really beautiful little plant in general appearance resembles an Ancectochilus; it is of a very dwarf trailing habit, having all its leaves thickly veined and netted with deep pink, free in growth, and of easy culture, and will without doubt be a great favourite. 31s. 6d.

JUSTICIA VARIEGATA.

An ornamental stove plant, with green leaves marked by reddish ribs and dark brown patches. 10s. 6d.

LOPHOSPERMUM SCANDENS GRANDIFLORA.

Crimson, with white throat, a free-flowering, useful, and pretty climber. 5s.

MICONIA PULVERULENTA.

This fine stove shrub was introduced from Peru. It is furnished with elliptic rugose dark green leaves 12 to 15 inches long, marked by a BROAD CENTRAL SILVERY BAR, the terete stem and the surface of the leaves being hairy. The flowers are white, succeeded by bunches of red berries. Both in a young state and as a specimen, this plant has been proved to be a most desirable addition to the class of ornamental foliaged plants. 21s.

NEPHELAPHYLLUM CORDATUM.
——— ,, ——— PULCHRUM.

Two pretty, quaint-looking, variegated plants from the East Indies, associating with Anœctochili, and forming desirable additions to that group. 31s. 6d. each.

OSMUNDA REGALIS CRISTATA.

A handsomely crested really splendid variety of a noble growing fern. 10s. 6d.

POGONIA DISCOLOR.

A dwarf growing singular looking plant introduced from Java, it produces one cordate olivaceous leaf, which is thickly set with golden hairs, thus rendering it very attractive. 42s.

RETINOSPORA LEPTOCLADA.

This distinct species is so thoroughly hardy that it has stood uninjured where *Cedrus deodara* and *Araucaria imbricata* have been killed. The habit and appearance of this Conifer differs materially from that of any other Retinospora; it assumes an erect pyramidal outline of growth, branching proportionately wide at the base, and tapering upwards to a gracefully alternate point, and forms a densely-branched compact pyramidal plant. 10s. 6d.

RHODODENDRON AUGUSTE VAN GEERT.

A very effective hardy variety of fine habit. The size of the flowers individually, as also the truss, is something extraordinary; colour purple-red, darkly spotted in the upper segment. 10s. 6d.; extra strong, 21s.

RHODODENDRON COUNTESS OF HADDINGTON.

Habit compact and vigorous, with fine foliage; flowers rosy-blush, measuring upward of $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches in length and diameter; very abundant bloomer, and may be flowered from February to June. For early spring and summer decoration, and exhibition purposes, this will prove one of the most useful greenhouse plants of modern introduction. 21s.

SCHISTOCASIA PORTEI.

A Philippine Island Arad, with pedately pinnatifid leaves, having broad linear oblong segments like those of a Phlebodium; a remarkably curious and exceedingly ornamental plant. 42s. and 63s.

SYNGONIUM WENDLANDI.

A singularly pretty Aroid from Guatemala, with bright deep green foliage contrasted with a white variegation. 10s. 6d.

SPHÆROGYNE LATIFOLIA.

In habit it somewhat resembles the far-famed *Cyanophyllum magnificum*; but whilst being perfectly equal to that species in the magnificence of its foliage, it far surpasses it in habit and the general beauty of its appearance. The stem and leaf-stalks are red and thickly covered with reversed hairs. Its magnificent ovate leaves are of a rich velvety olive-green colour on the upper surface, and of a beautiful red underneath. 63s.

NEW CALADIUMS.

AFFINE, 15s.
AMABILE, 5s.
ARGENTEUM, 7s. 6d.
CUPREUM, 7s. 6d.
DEVOSIANUM, 7s. 6d.
ENKII, 15s.
FORMOSUM, 10s. 6d.
GÆRDTII, 21s.
HAAGEANUM, 7s. 6d.
KOCKI, 7s. 6d.
LAUCHEANUM, 5s.
LEMAIREANUM, 7s. 6d.
LOWI, 15s, 21s., and 42s
MIRABILE, 15s.
MARMORATUM, 10s. 6d.
PALLIDINERVUM, 7s. 6d.
PICTA, 15s.
REGALE, 7s. 6d.
REICHENBACHII, 10s. 6d.
RUBRO-VENIA, 7s. 6d.
SCHMITZI, 5s.
—— VIRIDE, 15s.
SPLENDIDISSIMA, 7s. 6d.
THELEMANNI, 15s.
VAN DEN HECKEI, 15s.
VEITCHI, 31s. 6d. and 42s.
WALLISI, 21s.

NEW AZALEAS (INDICA).

BELLE GANTOISE, 7s. 6d.
HORTENSE VERVAENE, 7/6
IMPERIALIS, 31s. 6d.
LE LION DE FLANDRES, 21s.
MADAME AMBROISE VERSCHAFFELT, 7s. 6d.
—— WAGNER, 15s.
PRESIDENT HEUMANN, 21s.
REINE DES DOUBLES FOL. VARIEGATA, 7s. 6d.
SECRETAIRE CLAUS, 10/6
VICOMTE DE FORCEVILLE, 15s.
VIRGINALIS, 21s.

Selections of well known good sorts, in fine plants, can be made from W. B.'s general collection, at 24s., 30s., 42s., and 60s. per dozen.

NEW CAMELLIAS.

BELLA ROMANA, 10s. 6d.
COMTE DE TOLL, 15s.
CORA L. BARTON, 10s. 6d.
LAVINIA MAGGI, 7s. 6d.
LEOPOLD I., 10s. 6d.
MONSIEUR D'OFFOY, 7/6
QUEEN OF BEAUTIES, 10/6 and 15s.
RETICULATA FL. PL., 10/6

Selections of well known good sorts, in fine plants, can be made from W. B.'s general collection, at 30s., 42s., and 60s. per dozen.

GESNERAS.

The following are three very handsome Winter flowering varieties.

Bicolor.—Coral tube, yellow lobes and throat. 5s.

Chromatella.—Bright lemon tube and lobes, orange throat. 5s.

Rosea punctatissima.—Violet rose tube, blush lobes, orange throat, spotted with crimson. 5s.

NEW ERECT GLOXINIAS.

This select and very beautiful collection has been selected from an immense number of seedlings, and are great improvements upon those at present in cultivation.

Anonyma.—Blue lobes margined with lavender, white mouth and throat spotted at the base. 5s.

Beauty.—Pink lobes, pure white mouth and throat. 5s.

Brilliant.—Bright crimson, the lobes margined with rose, rich violet throat. 5s.

Celestial.—Rose lobes, throat encircled with deep violet, base of the tube white spotted with brown. 5s.

Cupid.—Light blue lobes with white marking, pure white throat. 5s.

Fairy.—White tube and lobes, the mouth peculiarly encircled with violet crimson. 5s.

Favourite.—Bright rose shaded with crimson, throat encircled with violet, white tube. 5s.

Model.—Pink shaded with violet, white tube. 5s.

Peeress.—Rich purple, the lobes margined with blue, base of the throat white, spotted with brown. 5s.

Princess Alexandra.—White lobes margined with porcelain blue. 5s.

Rosalind.—Soft violet pink with immensely broad lobes, the mouth encircled with violet, white tube and throat. 5s.

Serena.—Soft rose, half of each lobe encircled with white, tube and throat white. 5s.

Other good varieties 18s., 30s., and 42s. per dozen.

NEW DROOPING GLOXINIAS.

The following may be depended upon as a very superior and beautiful selection.

Acme.—Blue lobes edged and prettily marked with white, violet throat. 5s.

Aspromonte.—Broad clear rose lobes, pure white throat, spotted at the base. 5s.

Beauty.—Bright blue lobes encircled with purple, white throat. 5s.

Flora.—Rose lobes shaded with violet crimson and marked with white, pure white throat. 5s.

Illuminator.—Beautiful deep crimson, the lobes broadly margined with bright red. 5s.

Lauretta.—Blue marbled with white, very distinct and attractive. 5s.

Matchless.—Lobes rose shaded with violet crimson, white mouth, the tube prettily striped and spotted with rose. 5s.

NEW DROOPING GLOXINIAS Continued.

Optima.—Deep rose encircled with violet, white throat, very distinct. 5s.

Princess Beatrice.—Porcelain blue, each lobe spotted with violet, pure white throat. 5s.

Queen of Portugal.—Rose, rich violet mouth, the base of the throat white spotted with crimson. 5s.

Sanspariel.—Pure white, each lobe spotted with crimson, and the throat encircled with violet crimson, very delicate and pretty. 5s.

Virginie.—Blush, under lobes bright crimson, violet throat. 5s.

Other good varieties 18s., 30s., and 42s. dozen.

NEW
FRENCH SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS.

Aileen.—Dark crimson upper petals surrounded with fiery crimson and margined with white, pure white under petals lightly spotted with fiery crimson. 7s. 6d.

Alicia.—Rich maroon upper petals margined with rose violet; under petals rose violet heavily blotched with deep crimson. 7s. 6d.

Anacréon.—Bright orange carmine upper petals spotted with maroon; lower petals slightly spotted with purple, white centre. 7s. 6d.

Anna Duval.—Lilac rose shaded with violet upper petals blotched with dark maroon; lower petals lightly spotted and striped with purple. 7s. 6d.

Annette.—Dark crimson upper petals margined wth carmine violet; under petals rose violet spotted with crimson. 7s. 6d.

Asmodée.—Bright cerise upper petals nerved and blotched with maroon, lower petals nerved and spotted with purple, white centre.

Butterfly (*Beck*).—Lower petals deep crimson with intense black spots, top petals black with a narrow margin of crimson, very free bloomer, and effective for the home stage or exhibition. 5s.

Caliban (*Beck*).—Black maroon spots shaded with crimson purple, blush edges, very profuse bloomer, and striking. 5s.

Comte de Gomer.—Dark maroon upper petals edged with scarlet; lower petals carmine, lightly spotted with purple, white centre. 7s. 6d.

Coral.—Fiery crimson upper petals blotched with maroon, under petals slightly spotted with dark crimson. 7s. 6d.

Cuvier.—Rose shaded with salmon, all the petals spotted with black. 7s. 6d.

Decandolle.—Carmine with white centre, all the petals spotted with black. 7s. 6d.

NEW FRENCH SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS Continued.

Eugene Guènoux.—Black upper petals margined with vermilion; lower petals rosy orange spotted with black, white centre. 7s. 6d.

Fireball.—Upper petals fiery scarlet, blotched with rich maroon; under petals very bright red lightly spotted with crimson. 10s. 6d.

Frédéric Schlumberger.—Purple maroon, centre white, spotted with violet, superb. 7s. 6d.

International.—Rich maroon upper petals margined with rose; bright rose under petals shaded with fiery crimson heavily spotted with maroon. 10s. 6d.

Josefa.—Rich maroon upper petals edged with cerise; under petals pink distinctly spotted with dark crimson; light centre.

Landseer (*Foster*).—A rich flower in the way of *Peacock*, lower petals orange rose, black maroon spots, top petals maroon with shaded orange margin, free and fine. 5s.

Le Vésuve.—Rich fiery vermilion, upper petals blotched with maroon. 7s. 6d.

Mabel.—Maroon upper petals deeply margined with crimson; bright red under petals spotted with crimson; violet throat. 7s. 6d.

Madame Lansezeur.—Cerise, centre white and violet, upper petals spotted and nerved with dark maroon. 7s. 6d.

Monitor (*Foster*).—A large dark variety, deep shaded rose with large black spots on all the petals, top petals margined with rose, free. 5s.

Monsieur Warocque.—Centre of the flower white, petals spotted with carmine, veined with purple, and margined with white. 7s. 6d.

Nemesis.—Lilac shaded with violet, margined with white; all the petals spotted with violet purple. 7s. 6d.

Neptune.—Crimson shaded with purple, upper petals spotted with black, centre white shaded with violet. 7s. 6d.

Nicola.—Fiery red upper petals shaded with scarlet and spotted with maroon; under petals distinctly spotted with maroon, violet centre. 7s. 6d.

Nina.—Deep crimson upper petals edged with rose lilac; lower petals bright scarlet heavily blotched with deep crimson and margined with violet pink. 7s. 6d.

Rosario.—Bright red upper petals with light margin, blotched with maroon and shaded with violet; under petals bright red shaded with violet and largely spotted with crimson. 7s. 6d.

Thétis.—Upper petals dark maroon; lower petals dark crimson, white centre shaded with violet. 7s. 6d.

Viceroy of Egypt.—Rich maroon upper petals margined with lilac rose; under petals lilac rose heavily spotted with crimson. 10s. 6d.

Other good varieties, 18s., 30s., and 42s. per dozen.

NEW SHOW PELARGONIUMS.

Adeline.—Pure white; upper petals blotched with bright crimson, very fine. 5s.

Ardens (*Beck*).—Lower petals rich crimson; painted black top petals shaded to the margin with maroon, bright crimson edge, free and showy. 5s.

Beacon (*Hoyle*).—A large crimson flower, very free bloomer, and excellent for exhibition, very striking. 5s.

Briton.—Dark maroon upper petals edged with bright rose; under petals bright rose shaded with crimson. 7s. 6d.

Glory.—Upper petals maroon surrounded with violet crimson and edged with rose, lower petals pink, large white centre. 5s.

Hero.—Fiery red upper petals blotched with deep crimson and margined with rosy violet; lower petals soft rose, pure white centre. 5s.

Illuminator (*Foster*).—Bright scarlet, black and maroon spot on the top petals, fiery scarlet margin, smooth and fine form. 5s.

Improvement (*Foster*).—Lower petals purple; strongly marked dark maroon top petals, rosy purple margin, very free. 5s.

Inez (*Hoyle*).—Orange lower petals painted with a bright shade; and red rich brown maroon top petals, carmine margin, white centre, novel. 5s.

Lord Palmerston (*Hoyle*).—Bright purple lower petals, dark top petals; with shaded margin of rich carmine. 5s.

Mayflower.—Pure white, spotted in the upper petals. 7s. 6d.

Ottavia (*Hoyle*).—A light flower of fine form and very free, lower petals nearly white, rich maroon and red top, white margin. 5s.

Souvenir (*Foster*).—Richly painted crimson and black lower petals; black top, fiery margin, large and showy. 5s.

Waverley.—Glossy black top petals, very narrow margin of fiery crimson, and white centre; lower petals heavily painted with rose and dark red, a smooth and beautiful flower. 7s. 6d.

Other good varieties, 18s., 30s., and 42s. per dozen.

NEW ZONALE GERANIUMS.

Achim.—Rose shaded with pink, excellent form. 3s. 6d.

Alfred.—Clear orange scarlet, very large flowers of a magnificent form, shell-like petals, and large truss. 5s.

Aspasia.—Bright rose, very pretty. 3/6

Auricula.—Soft flesh, with bright rose coloured centre, white eye. 5s.

Beauty.—Vivid scarlet, white eye, flowers large and very round. 5s.

Bonnie Dundee.—Rosy pink, large and very round flower, horse-shoe foliage, fine. 5s.

Caroline.—Carmine, shaded with orange scarlet, immense truss. 3s. 6d.

Cecilia.—Bright rose, shaded with scarlet, immense flower and fine truss. 5s.

Celina.—Rosy salmon, scarlet centre. 5s.

Chancellor.—Clear rose with scarlet centre. 5s.

NEW ZONALE GERANIUMS—Continued.

Climax.—Crimson scarlet, large flower, good shape, and immense truss. 5s.

Commissioner.—Brilliant scarlet, vermilion upper petals. 3s. 6d.

Constance.—Blush with red centre. 5s.

Countess.—Rose shaded with scarlet. 3s. 6d.

Doris.—Vivid orange scarlet, white eye. 3s. 6d.

Dr. Lindley.—Light scarlet, the largest and best formed flower ever offered. 7s. 6d.

Editor.—Orange scarlet, white centre. 5s.

Effective.—Vermilion shaded with rose. 5s.

Eleaner.—Rich vermilion, upper petals shaded with violet, fine. 5s.

Enchantress.—Flesh, beautiful form, fine truss, horse-shoe foliage. 5s.

Envoy.—Very deep rosy scarlet, large flower. 3s. 6d.

Erin go Bragh.—Blush, margined with white, horse-shoe foliage. 5s.

Ernest.—Flesh, with red centre. 5s.

Eva.—White with scarlet centre, horse-shoe foliage. 5s.

Garland.—Pure white margin, clean bright scarlet centre. 5s.

Glorious.—Light scarlet, light centre. 3s. 6d.

Hector.—Clear soft rose, horse-shoe foliage. 5s.

Heldi.—Glowing scarlet, large flowers. 3s. 6d.

Louisa.—Bright rose, shaded with salmon. 5s.

Lucilla.—Beautiful soft clean rose, flowers of enormous size and most perfect form, trusses fine. 5s.

Lucius.—Bright rose, very large truss. 5s.

Lucretia.—Blush, rose centre, horse-shoe foliage. 5s.

Major Domo.—Rosy scarlet, fine flowers. 3s. 6d.

Nolly.—Blush, with salmon centre, horse-shoe foliage. 5s.

Neptune.—Blush white with salmon centre, very large flower. 5s.

Nora.—Bright rose shaded with scarlet, very fine flower and large truss, horse-shoe foliage. 5s.

Pauline.—White, with pink centre, large flower, horse-shoo foliage. 5s.

Persian.—Bright rose. 3s. 6d.

Really Good.—Vivid scarlet, white eye. 5s.

Rosamend.—Pale salmon pink, large flower, very fine. 5s.

Rosetta.—Very deep bright pink, excellent. 5s.

The Swan.—Pure white, large flower, fine shape, horse-shoo foliage. 5s.

Transeendent.—Bright cerise shaded with scarlet. 5s.

Umpire.—Cerise shaded with pink, large flower. 3s. 6d.

Unit.—Soft rose. 3s. 6d.

Viceroy.—Rich cerise, very large flower. 5s.

Victeria.—White, bright red centre. 5s.

Visiter.—Brilliant rose, immense flower, excellent form. 5s.

Other good varieties 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

JAPANESE PLANTS.

ABIES FIRMA.

A magnificent and perfectly hardy evergreen tree from the midland and northern provinces of Japan. It forms a tree of noble aspect, and is one of the most useful and generally employed timber trees in the Japanese empire.

This beautiful species belongs to the Silver Fir Section. 7s. 6d.

AUCUBA JAPONICA VERA.

As a hardy ornamental evergreen shrub this will doubtless rank as one of the finest of our recent introductions from Japan.

Its dark glossy green foliage and bunches of scarlet berries render it a most striking and valuable addition to our shrubberies. 10s. 6d.

BAMBUSA VARIEGATA.

A very beautiful dwarf-growing plant, perfectly hardy. As a dwarf variegated pot plant, or for cutting for bouquets, this will be invaluable. 15s. and 21s.

DEUTZIA CRENATA FLORE PLENO.

A very handsome, free flowering hardy shrub: it has opposite shortly-stalked finely-serrated leaves, and copious terminal racemes of deflexed double flowers, which are white deeply tinged externally with rose. 3s. 6d.

EUONYMUS JAPONICUS LATIFOLIA ALBA VARIEGATA.

A most exquisite shrub, the whitest variegation of all the large-leaved varieties. 21s.

EUONYMUS JAPONICUS OVATA AUREO-VARIEGATUS.

A distinct plant, with dark glossy green leaves, edged with golden yellow. 5s.

EUONYMUS RADICANS FOLIIS VARIEGATUS.

A pretty shrub of neat habit, green and white variegation, adapted for rock-work, covering banks, or edging beds. 5s.

EURYA LATIFOLIA VARIEGATA.

A most exquisitely variegated shrub, the young shoots being of a brilliant rose colour, changing to white. When this plant becomes large and well established it will be one of the most beautiful plants known. 21s. and 42s.

HEMEROCALLIS ELEGANS FOL. VARIEGATIS.

A pretty little plant, the leaves admirably striped with white and green. 5s.

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

Bronze Dragon.	Japonicum.	Roseum punctatum.
Grandiflorum.	Laciniatum.	Striatum.
		Yellow Dragon.

Seven most beautiful Japanese varieties, perfectly distinct in form from all others in cultivation. 2s. 6d. each.

KERRIA JAPONICA VARIEGATA.

A form of the well known *Kerria* (*Corchorus Japonica*), with the leaves edged with white. 5s.

LASTREA OPACA.

This Fern will prove a very distinct and valuable introduction for the HARDY FERNERY. It produces tufts of firm opaque fronds of a dark green colour, and very durable. The outline is almost pentangular, from the development of the basal posterior pinnules, and the pinnæ and fronds are very gracefully acuminate. The fronds are bipinnately divided, the pinnules being narrow-oblong and more or less falcate and deeply lobed, the segments ovate, those on the hinder side of the lowest pinnæ being very much larger than those on the anterior side. 3s. 6d.

LIGULARIA (FARFUGIUM) KŒMPFERI ARGENTEA.

A striking variegated hardy herbaceous plant. In habit it is very similar to the *F. grande*, but far surpassing that species in its distinct and regular variegation. Its foliage is of a dark green colour, largely blotched with white. 10s. 6d.

LIGUSTRUM JAPONICUM AUREO VARIEGATUM.

A beautiful variegated variety of the well-known Japan Privet, rendered singularly ornamental by its foliage being marked with bright golden blotches. 7s. 6d.

LILIUM AURATUM.

Of recently introduced Japanese flowering plants this is the finest. The report in the *Gardeners' Chronicle* for July, 1863, when the plant was first exhibited, thus speaks of it:—"First among novelties stood Lilium auratum, as far superior to other lilies as an *eques auratus* to other *equites*. If ever a flower merited the name of glorious it is this, whether we regard its size, its sweetness, or its exquisite arrangement of colour."

The flower, 8 to 10 inches across, is composed of six delicate ivory white parts, each being thickly studded with crimson spots, and having a bright golden band through its centre. 42s. and 63s.

OSMANTHUS ILICIFOLIUS.

A hardy evergreen shrub, with dark green foliage somewhat resembling an English Holly. It bears an abundance of small white flowers. This species and the following varieties rank high among Japanese ornamental shrubs. 7s. 6d.

OSMANTHUS ILICIFOLIUS VARIEGATUS NANUS.

A Dwarf Holly-like plant, perfectly hardy, and from its freeness of growth likely to supersede many of the variegated species of Ilex now in our gardens. 10s. 6d.

PACHYSANDRA TERMINALIS.

A fine dwarf variegated plant, suitable for edging beds, or flower-garden decoration. 5s.

POLYSTICHUM SETOSUM.

A very fine perfectly hardy evergreen Fern, from Yokohami in Japan. It is a tufted growing species of moderate size, with firm ovate-acuminate bipinnate fronds of two to three feet or more in height; the pinnules are trapezio-oblong, acute, auricled, and sometimes slightly toothed, but most remarkable for bearing a fringe of setæ or stiff hairs, which stand up from the plane of the frond, and give it a bristly appearance on the surface. 5s.

RETINOSPORA OBTUSA.

A hardy Conifer of the Arborvitæ race, growing from 60 to 80 feet high; stiffer in its foliage than anything known, having the character of Cedar of Lebanon, with Cypress leaves; the wood is used by the Japanese in various ways; it shines beautifully without any polish when worked up. It is the Hinoki (*i. e.*, Tree of the Sun), and the glory of the Eastern forests. 3s. 6d.

RHODEA JAPONICA MACROPHYLLA FOLIIS AUREO-MARGINATIS.

A greenhouse or half-hardy perennial of bold habit, with broad lanceolate leaves broadly margined with yellow, a handsome ornamental plant. 42s. to 84s.

RHYNCOSPERMUM JASMINOIDES VARIEGATA.

This being a variety of the well-known greenhouse climber, *Rhyncospermum Jasminoides*, little or no description is necessary.

Added to the lovely sweet flowers of the original species, this plant possesses the advantage of having distinct and striking variegated foliage, each leaf being marbled and blotched with pure white. 15s.

SAXIFRAGA JAPONICA TRICOLOR.

An interesting introduction, resembling the old *S. sarmentosa*, but with the leaves beautifully variegated. 10s. 6d.

SCIADOPITYS VERTICILLATA.

The Umbrella Pine of Japan.

A really distinct and highly interesting hardy Conifer, justly described by botanists as one of the finest of all the Eastern evergreen trees.

It attains a height of from 80 to 90 feet, and is of a perfectly pyramidal habit. The leaves are long, of a beautiful green colour, and singularly arranged in whorls, from which peculiarity it derives its name of "The Umbrella Pine." 7s. 6d.

THUJOPSIS DOLABRATA.

An evergreen tree that has withstood the severity of the weather in Britain where the common Holly and Portugal Laurel have been killed to the ground; therefore, setting aside its distinct character and highly ornamental appearance, its introduction is of the greatest arboricultural importance. 10s. 6d.

THUJOPSIS DOLABRATA VARIEGATA.

It is impossible to speak in too high terms of this variegated plant. Those who know *T. dolabrata* can form some idea of it when W. B. states that every shoot is terminated by beautiful silvery leaves. 10s. 6d.

WOODWARDIA ORIENTALIS.

One of the finest of all hardy Ferns. It forms a thick crown, from which the rather large spreading triangular fronds proceed. These fronds are pinnato-pinnatifid, with lanceolate acute serrated segments 1 to 2 inches in length, the larger ones somewhat crenately-lobed, and the whole frond bearing on the upper surface, more or less profusely, little bulbiform plants opposite the sori, the fronds sometimes being completely covered with these young plants. This peculiarity, together with the distinct bold character of the broad firm-textured fronds, renders it one of the most interesting and beautiful among the hardy species of this family. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

GRAPE VINES,

From eyes, very healthy, for fruiting in pots or planting out.

Many fine specimens of the following adorn the interior of my Winter Garden, having been carefully trained to the arches, columns, and suspended from the roofs, and may be seen in the Summer bearing fruit from base to summit of this lofty structure.

Prices, according to sorts and strength, from 3s. 6d. to 10s. 6d.

Alicante, black (Kempsey's)
Barbarossa, black.
Black Prince, black.
Burchard's Amber Cluster, amber.
—— **Prince**, black.
Chavoush, white.
Chasselas Musqué, white.
Frontignan Black, black.
—— **Grizzly**, yellowish red.
—— **White**, white.
Hamburgh Black, black.
—— **Champion**, black.
—— **Golden**, amber.
—— **Mill Hill**, black.
—— **Muscat**, black.
—— **Pope's**, black.
—— **Victoria**, black.
—— **Wilmot's**, black.
Lady Down's Seedling, black.
Marchioness of Hastings, white.
Muscadine Royal, white.
—— **Muscat**, amber.
Muscat of Alexandria, white.
—— **Bowood**, white.
—— **Cannon Hall**, white.
—— **Escholata Superb**, amber.
—— **Ingram's Hardy Prolific.**
—— **Tynninghame.**
Royal Vineyard, 21s.
Sweetwater, Buckland's.
—— **Grove End**, white.
—— **White**, white.
Tokay, Charlesworth's white.
Trentham Black, black.
West St. Peter's, black.

HANDSOME STANDARD BAYS AND LAURESTINUS,

WITH SYMMETRICAL HEADS,

These are admirably adapted for ornamental effect in Flower Gardens, Conservatories, or on terraces.

PINE APPLE PLANTS.

The most healthy, and largest stock of saleable PINE PLANTS in this country, but as the room is required for NEW PLANTS, the Pines are offered at a moderate price. They can be supplied either in Fruiting Plants or Successions of any sizes.